Addition/Correction

A Likely Biogenetic Gateway Linking 2-Aminoimidazolinone Metabolites of Sponges to Proline: Spontaneous Oxidative Conversion of the Pyrrole-Proline-Guanidine Pseudo-peptide to Dispacamide A [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2004, *126*, 10252–10253].

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ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS

A Likely Biogenetic Gateway Linking 2-Aminoimidazolinone Metabolites of Sponges to Proline: Spontaneous Oxidative Conversion of the Pyrrole-Proline-Guanidine Pseudo-peptide to Dispacamide A [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, *126*, 10252−10253]. Nathalie Travert and Ali Al-Mourabit*

Page 10252. In Scheme 1 and in the Supporting Information, dispacamide A (**2**) should be the (*Z*)-isomer and not the (*E*)-isomer, as drawn.

In the Supporting Information, **12**,AcO_2H should read as **12**,CF_3O_2H.

We thank Professor David A. Horne of Oregon State University for pointing out these errors.

Three syntheses of dispacamide have been reported but not referenced. Thus, the fourth sentence of the second paragraph should read as follows: Ornithine and proline have been respectively used in the synthesis of "oroidin-based" dibromophakellin by Büchi,[8a] dispacamide A by Horne,[8b] and dibromophakellstatin by Romo.[9]

Reference 8 should then read as follows:

(8) (a) Foley, L. H.; Büchi, G. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1982**, *104*, 1776−1777. (b) The method has been developed by Horne for the synthesis of dispacamide A from the available 2-aminoimidazole derivative: Olofsen, A.; Yakushijin, K.; Horne, D. A. *J. Org. Chem*. **1998**, *63*, 1248−1253. For other syntheses, see: (c) Lindel, T.; Hoffmann, H. *Tetrahedron Lett*. **1997**, *38*, 8935−8938. (d) Fresneda, P. M.; Molina, P.; San, M. A. *Tetrahedron Lett*. **2001**, *42*, 851−854.

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